

# FLORIDA'S PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS TODAY...

## THE REAL STORY

### What are public charter schools?

Charter schools are non-profit 501(c)(3) organizations that have a contract or charter to provide the same educational services to students as district public schools. They are nonsectarian public schools that operate with freedom from many of the regulations that apply to traditional public schools. Charter schools must hire Florida certified teachers and students must take all Florida statewide assessments, just like traditional district schools.

### What types of students attend charter schools?

Parents of every economic, social and ethnic group choose to send their children to local charter schools. Florida charter schools serve a diverse population of students similar to that of district public schools.

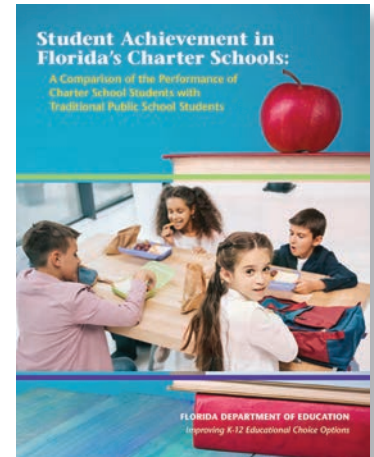
### How are charter schools funded?

Charter schools receive funding from the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) using the same FTE formula applied to district schools. Charter schools must also pay an administrative fee to their district sponsors that cannot exceed 5% of their total FTE funding.

### Report shows that most students do better in Florida's charter schools.

In its annual report on charter school student achievement, the Florida Department of Education found that charter school students outperformed their peers in traditional public schools in almost all subject areas.\*

- A higher percentage of charter school students scored a level three or above on the statewide assessments in English Language Arts, Math, Science and Social Studies.
- A higher percentage of charter school students made learning gains than students in traditional public schools.
- Charter schools were shown to be more successful than traditional public schools in closing the achievement gap between white and African American students, and between white and Hispanic students in nearly all grade levels.



*\*Florida Department of Education, Student Achievement in Florida's Charter Schools: A Comparison of the Performance of Charter School Students with Traditional Public School Students, March 2019.*

## Florida's Public Charter Schools by the Numbers

<b>683</b>	<b>341,926</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>1996</b>	<b>12%</b>
Operating charter schools	Students enrolled	Florida counties where charter schools operate	The first Florida charter school opened in Miami.	Percentage of Florida's public school students attending charter schools.



## ABOUT THE FLORIDA CONSORTIUM OF PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS

FCPCS is the voice of the Florida charter school movement, with more than 475 charter school members. It is one of the oldest and largest charter school membership associations in the nation. Founded in 1999 by a grassroots group of charter school operators, it provides advocacy, support, resources, and networking opportunities to new and existing charter schools, parents, and students. FCPCS also promotes the establishment and operation of high quality public charter schools throughout the state.

## FLORIDA STATUTES AND RULES ADDRESSING CHARTER SCHOOLS

### s. 1002.33

Charter schools

### s. 1013.62

Charter schools capital outlay funding

### s. 218.39(1)

Annual financial audit reports

## State Board of Education Rule 6A.6.0784

Charter School Governance Training

## MYTHS VERSUS THE TRUTH ABOUT CHARTER SCHOOLS

**MYTH:** Charter schools are private schools.

**TRUTH:** Charter schools are **NOT** private schools.

They are tuition-free public schools that are part of the state's public education system. They operate with contracts (charters) issued by the local public school districts. They receive the same per pupil funding as district public schools, minus a five percent administrative fee paid to the districts.

**MYTH:** Charter schools are for-profit entities run by big corporations.

**TRUTH:** By law, all Florida charter schools must be organized as nonprofit organizations managed by volunteer community-based boards of directors.

About 20 percent of the charter schools in Florida contract with charter management companies for back-office services but they still operate as nonprofits under the governance of a volunteer board of directors.

**MYTH:** Charter schools have little or no oversight.

**TRUTH:** This is completely false.

Charter schools are closely monitored by their district sponsor and the state. They are required to file several reports a year detailing their financial and operational status. Charter school students take the same state assessments as traditional public school students. Charter schools are evaluated and assigned a school grade using the same standards and criteria as traditional public schools.

If a charter school receives two consecutive school grades of "F," the district sponsor has authority to close the school. No traditional public school operated by a Florida school district has ever been closed for poor academic performance. (Since 1997, 316 charter schools have closed.)

**MYTH:** Charter schools siphon money from school districts.

**TRUTH:** Charter schools serve the same public school students who would have otherwise been enrolled in traditional public schools.

We believe that educational funding should be used for the benefit of students, whether they attend a district school or a charter schools. In fact, charter schools actually serve public school students at a lower cost per student than traditional public schools.

**MYTH:** Charter schools cherry pick only the best students.

**TRUTH:** Parents are the ones who choose charter schools for their children, not the other way around.

The doors of charter schools are open to everyone, pending space limitations. To help avoid over-enrollment, charter schools utilize a lottery system for the fairest selection process.



FLORIDA CONSORTIUM *of*  
PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS

Florida's Charter Support Organization Since 1999

FORT LAUDERDALE

1225 SE 2nd Avenue  
Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33316  
Phone: 954-463-9595  
Fax: 904-212-0300

info@floridacharterschools.org

 facebook.com/FLcharterschools

 @CharterSchoolFL